The HOMERuN Collaborative – Linking research, implementation, and outcomes improvement

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Overview

- Rationale for Hospital Medicine Reengineering Network (HOMERUN) and description of the network in 2014
- "Lessons learned" applicable to delirium research
- Recommendations for raising the profile of delirium in Hospital Medicine research





What is the rationale for HOMERuN?

- Need to do evaluation of healthsystem innovation in acute care settings
 - Infrastructure:
 - Not bench space
 - Research team needs:
 - HSR-like, but with sociologists and industrial engineers
 - Translational models:
 - Not GCRC, more explicitly front line engaged





Hospital Medicine Reengineering Network (HOMERuN)

- Leverage the role of hospitalists in the care of general medical patients in US hospitals
 - ->60% of Medicare patients getting care from hospitalists
 - -<1,000 in US in 1999, now >20,000 30,000





Why hospitalists?

- Hospitalists are a key 'line item' for hospitals
 - Hospitalists view systems reengineering as a key element of professional identity
- At UCSF-Mount Zion, 5 hospitalists assumed care previously provided by > 100 physicians
 - Easier to get front line engagement, implement research protocols











HOMERUN Core values

Core values:

- Support the rigorous evaluation of clinical practices at our sites and identify opportunities for improvement
- Support rigorous empirical evaluation of health systems innovations
 - Study 'QI' using experimental and quasiexperimental designs
- Create feedback between outcome evaluation, program evaluation, and implementation teams.





HOMERUN mission statement

To use <u>measures that matter</u> to patients and hospitalists to improve medical care in the hospital and community.





HOMERUN 2012-3 work

- Developing a care-coordination benchmarking project
 - Care coordination audit
 - What is the current state of care coordination work at our sites?
 - Readmission audit
 - How often are readmissions 'preventable'?
 - Where could preventative measures been applied?
 - What are the opportunities for improvement?





Prelim data (N=759 readmitted pts)

Patient age [Mean, (SD)] 55.4 (18)

Readmitted through ED [n, (%)] 688 (91%)

Had caregiver at home [n, (%)] 124 (16%)

Cognitive impairments [n, (%)] 86 (11%)

Had at least one visit with PCP before 309 (41%)







In your opinion, was this readmission preventable?

No evidence	215 (29.3%)
Slight evidence	197 (26.8%)
Less than 50-50, but close call	105 (14.3%)
More than 50-50, but close call	88 (12.0%)
Strong evidence	108 (14.7%)
Virtually certain	21 (2.9%)

~30% preventability - consistent with smaller studies





Where would interventions to prevent the readmission have been effective (n=215 preventable readmits)?

In hospital during prior discharge	106 (50%)
Home	38 (18%)
Usual provider's clinic	31 (15%)
ED/Other	39 (19%)





Most common targets for improvement

- Better self management plan (30% of preventable readmissions)
- Better or different home services (~15%)

 Not as common: Discharged too soon, medication errors or problems





Some lessons





Lesson: Can we thread the needle?

Statistical rigor, data expertise

Innovations

- Collaborative networks
 - Examples: VT Oxford, IMPAACT, NSQIP
 - Data collection and membership expectations
 - Benchmarking
 - Focused projects agreed upon by group
 - Generic infrastructure for broad goals, focused research

- Research network
 - Traditional NIH (e.g. ARDSnet, BRAIN-ICU)
 - Multiple projects supported by individual grants
 - Narrow(ish) projects with defined data requests
 - PI-initiated ideas, local PI
 - R&D for new measures, focus areas





Lesson: Can we thread the needle?

- Can we link 'research' and 'QI' in a way that aligns all stakeholders' needs?
 - NIH Can knowledge be advanced in a generalizable way?
 - Payors/health systems Can costs be constrained?
 - Physicians Can you help me take care of my patients?
- Patients
 - Will I be able to walk? Care for myself?
 - Can you make my care cheaper, better, faster?





Lesson: Can we thread the needle?

- Why is linking QI and research important?
 - Practical reason:
 - Most of Hospital Medicine research is QI or implementation-focused
 - Strategic reasons
 - Alignment of goals will speed adoption of new practices
 - Increase likelihood of sustainability of new practices (and the network)





Lesson: Hospitalists don't have a disease (to study)

- Broad based specialty caring for wide range of clinical problems, no home NIH institute
 - PCORI funding concordant with our mission of 'measures that matter to patients'





Lesson: Hospitalists don't have a disease (to study)

For HOMERuN

- Research:
 - Pushing forward with developing grants targeting specific diseases (e.g. COPD, CAP) and transitions (PCORI) using shared data collection approach
 - Collaborations with NIH Foundation, COPD networks
- Quality collaborative:
 - Simultaneously seeking to develop our collaborative structures and benchmarking tools





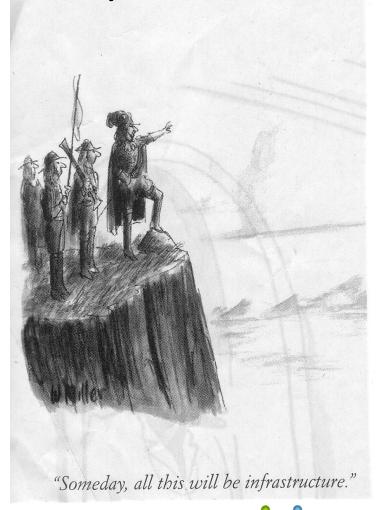
Lesson: Infrastructure (is hard to build and maintain)

What is the ROI?

 How can we build infrastructure that leads to both operational improvements and good research?

For HOMERUN

- Need for information no one else is collecting
- Opportunities to gain broader view of practices through benchmarking
- Use cases critical







Lesson: IRB's, DUA's and sharing

- IRB's inconsistent on how to deal with QI and research
 - HOMERUN: Using UCSF IRB as a stepping off place
 - Now have DUA's in place at all sites





Lesson: Doesn't someone do this already?

- HOMERUN may seem similar to other benchmarking organizations
 - For most benchmarking organizations, patient level (or patient reported) outcomes uncommon
 - Limited front-line provider engagement
 - Often support collaboration, but no specific interest or expertise in research









- Hospitalists see it as an important problem
 - Care for post-ICU patients
 - Comanagement models
 - ACE(like) units





- Collaboration
 - Connect Delirium (and Periooperative, and Geriatric) researchers to the (growing) community of HM researchers.





- Develop and validate innovations
 - Healthsystem innovations
 - Sensors, monitors and apps





- Work together to define the business case for delirium detection and prevention models in the current healthcare environment
 - HELLP, ACE unit models' business cases are strong

 But – how to implement and sustain them in the era of ACO's and shared risk models is less clear.





Conclusions

- Hospitalists
 - Not geriatricians, but doing the majority of inpatient care for elders in the US
 - Key frontline partners in hospital (and increasingly in postacute) settings





Conclusions

HOMERuN

 Example of a network concept that (we hope) will speed the final translational step





Conclusions

- Many opportunities for engagement with hospitalists exist
 - Research and collaboration on a number of fronts welcome





HOMERuN collaborators

- UCSF Moffitt Long Hospital
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- Baystate/Tufts:
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